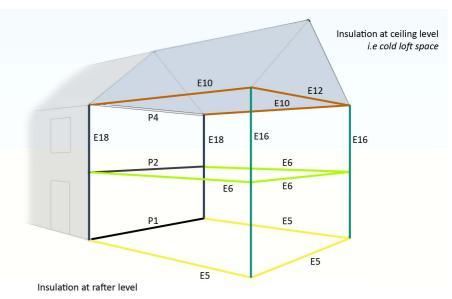
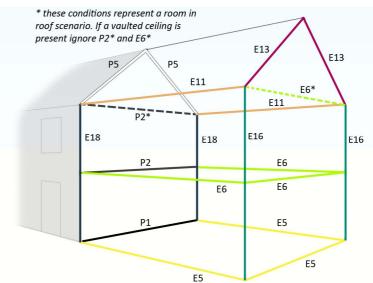
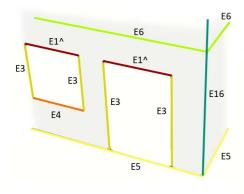
# **Thermal Bridging Calculation Diagrams**



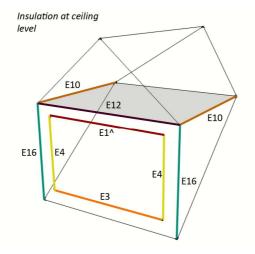


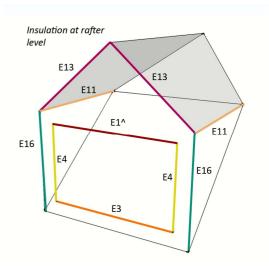


^E1 Perforated Steel lintel assumed, otherwise use E2

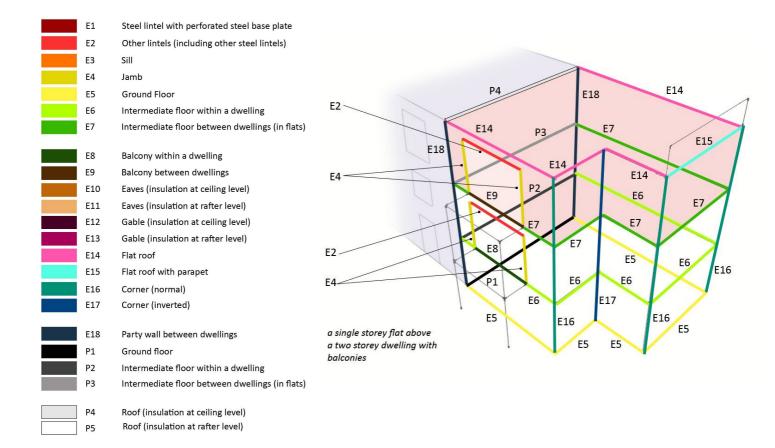


**NOTE:** Junctions where the dormer meets the main structure are disregarded





## **Thermal Bridging Calculation Diagrams**



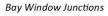
#### **Balconies**

The conventions (Appendix 1.3) state that:

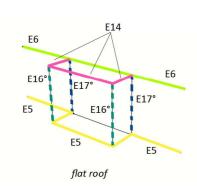
'In the case of a balcony where the balcony support <u>does</u> penetrate the wall insulation, use the default value from Table K1 for junction E2.'

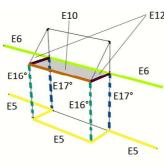
This means a psi value of **1.00 W/mK** is used with this particular detail if present in a dwelling.

This supersedes the footnote \* in table K1.



° If the insulation between walls is continuous these junctions are disregarded, otherwise use default psi values from Table K1 (E16 & E17)





E13

E14

E15

E16°

E16°

E16°

E17°

E5

E5

E5

E5

ceiling level insulation

rafter level insulation

## **Thermal Bridging Calculation Diagrams**

### Junctions between two roofs

These are disregarded, and such no psi values or lengths need to be included in the SAP calculations for this type of detail.

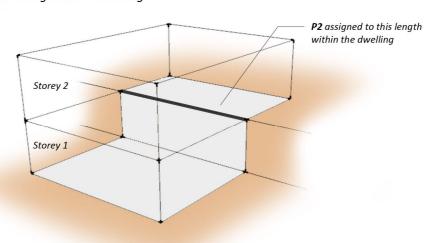
### Parapet Roof Junctions

If the wall passes over the edge of the roof, treat as a roof with a parapet (E15 – Table K1)

If the roof passes over the top of the wall, treat as a roof without a parapet (E14 – Table K1)

### Split level arrangements

Split Level Arrangements - Dwellings



Split Level Arrangements - Flats

